



#### MEDICAL

#### SERVICE

# **PSD** Array

# High Linearity Position Sensing Detector Array

Part number: SA-0039

Description: 1LA16-2,5\_SU89

The SiTek 1LA16-2,5\_SU89 is a PSD array with 16 parallel 1-dimensional PSDs placed on the same chip. This enables simultaneous position read-out from the 16 segments and high speed 3D contour measurements with low cross talk betweens the segments. Each segment has the same high linearity and high speed as SiTeks standard 1-dimensional PSDs.

The PSD array has SiTeks unique built-in stray light elimination, a patented design which eliminates the decrease in speed and linearity due to stray light.

The PSD array can be used together with either a line laser or multiple laser beams.



specification
Specification

Parameter	Value	Unit
Number of segments	16	
Active area of each	2,5 x 0,39	mm
segment Gap between	10	2
segments		μm
Electrical specification		·

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Position non-linearity			0,1	0,2	%
Detector resistance	Rdet	15	25	35	kΩ
Leakage current	Id		2	10	nA
Noise current	Inoise		0,8	1,1	pA/vHz
Responsivity	r		0,63		A/W
Capacitance	Cj		4	4,4	pF
Rise time (10% - 90%)	tr		70	100	ns
Cross talk	VR		0,5	1,0	%
Bias voltage (reverse)	VK	5	15	20	V
Thermal drift			20	100	ppm/°C

### Absolute maximum ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit
Reverse voltage	V <sub>R-max</sub>	30	V
Operating temperature	Toper	70	°C
Storage temperature	T stg	100	°C

Test conditions: Room temperature 23 °C, Bias voltage 15 V, Light source wavelength 940

nm. Position non-linearity and thermal drift is valid within 80 % of the

detector length.

Package: 34 pin DIP ceramic substrate, 21,6 x 15,0 mm2, with protective window.

info@gotopeo.com www.gotopeo.com Belgium

Watermolenstraat 2, B-2910 Essen +32 (0)3 309 32 09 The Netherlands Havenweg 16, 6603 AS Wi

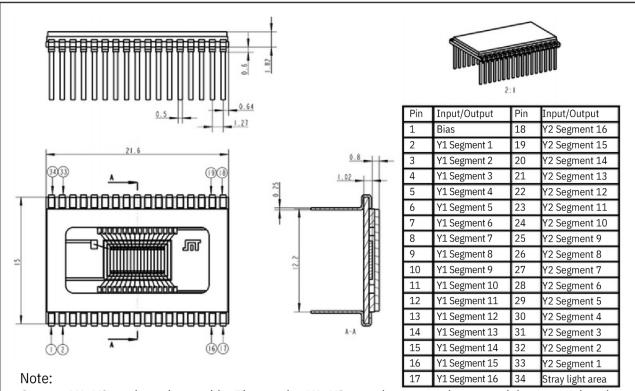
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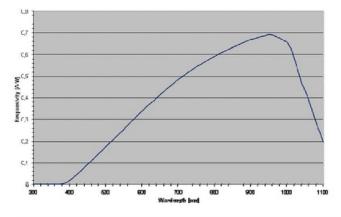
HOTONICS



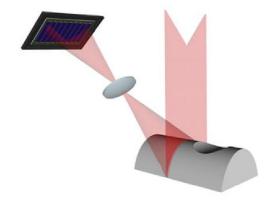


Outputs Y1, Y2 are interchangeable. The anodes Y1, Y2 must be at negative potential compared to the cathode (bias pin). The stray-light area should be connected to the same potential as the anodes.

## Spectral responsivity



# Application example



## Application information

The inherent resolution of a PSD is very good. It is proven to be better than one part in one million. The performance of a PSD measurement system is thus limited by its mechanical, optical and electrical components. To get the best performance you have to consider:

- Modulated light source. Modulation makes it possible to avoid influence of other light sources
- Stable temperature
- Mechanical stable system
- High optical resolution
- High resolution in division of the sum- and difference signals.

Resolution, optical sensitivity and measurement speed are related to each other in the PSD measurement system and you have to make the proper choices and tradeoffs for your system.

